



Carney Forensics

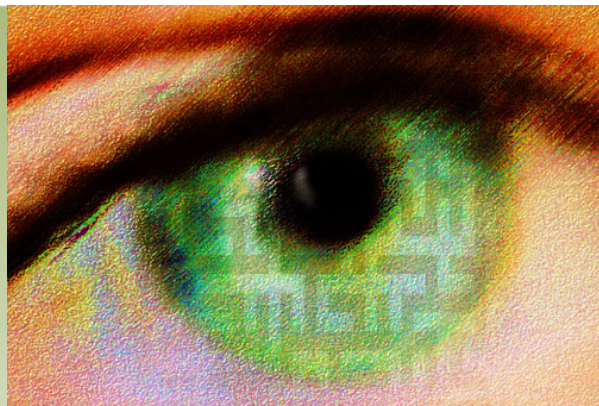
Mobile Device Cybersecurity for Criminal Lawyers

Minnesota CLE: Criminal Justice Institute

August 23, 2018

John J. Carney, Esq.

Carney Forensics



Cybersecurity & Legal Ethics

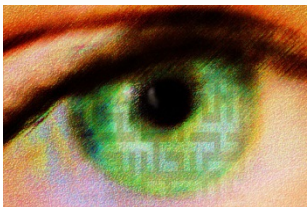
Four Basic ABA Model Rules that Govern

Rule 1.1	Competence ←
Rule 1.4	Communications
Rule 1.6	Duty of Confidentiality ←
Rule 5.1, 5.2, 5.3	Lawyer & Nonlawyer Associations

The “**Big Two**” in Cybersecurity

Begin Your Journey Toward **Competence** to Keep Mobile Data, Documents, and Communication **Confidential**

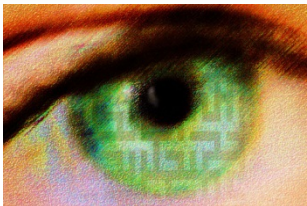
31 States Have Adopted Revised Rule 1.1



Mobile Device Cybersecurity

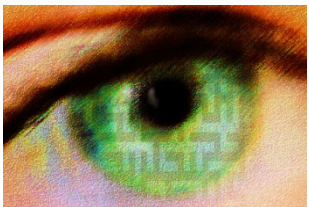
What Are We Worried About?

Data Breaches
Privacy Breaches
Lost or Stolen Devices
Theft of IP
Viruses and Malware
Ransomware
Spyware
Advanced Exploits



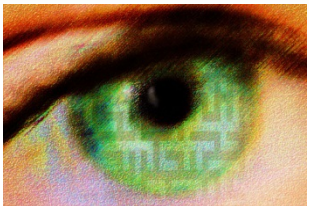
Advice for Mobile Device Users

- **Don't ever give up possession of your device!**
- Always protect your phone with passcode, PIN, pattern lock
 - Not your name
 - Not spouse's name
 - Not dog's name
 - Not birthday
 - Not phone number
 - Not street address
 - Not "123456"
 - Not "password"
 - Not "letmein"
 - Not "iloveyou"
- Set short time-out period for auto-lock feature in Settings



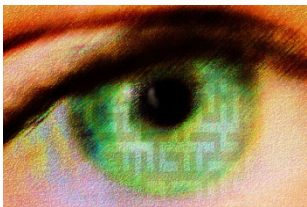
What Passcode is Strong Enough?

- For security purposes a 10 to 15 character alphanumeric passcode delivers much greater security benefit compared to a simple 4 or 6 digit numeric passcode
- iOS use of a longer, complex passcode protects against brute-force breaking of the passcode in earlier versions
- Android use of a complex passcode can help prevent recovery of device data, with exception of microSD card
- Pass Phrases are good, complex passcodes:
 - I will graduate in 2018
 - I like Dr. Pepper 1024
 - Old Man and the Sea 1952
 - 2001: A Space Odyssey



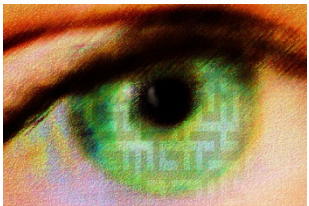
Advice for Mobile Device Users

- Encrypt mobile device handset, “a no-brainer solution”
 - Vast majority of iPhones (by default)
 - Increasing number of late-model Android devices (by default)
 - Must encrypt removable Android microSD memory cards
- Upgrade new mobile operating system version immediately
 - Google Nexus or Google Pixel bought from Google Store
- Assume at some point device will be lost, stolen, or infected
 - Download and test “Find my Phone” app on device
 - Setup “Remote Wipe” capability
- Back up device regularly to PC, Mac, or Cloud
 - Apple iTunes, Android Backup
 - iCloud, Google, other 3rd party cloud software



iPhone Settings Demo

- Auto-Lock
- Complex Passcode
- USB Restrictions
- Find My iPhone
- Backup iPhone to iCloud
- Synchronize iPhone to iCloud
- Location Services
- Apple Pay
- Bluetooth
- Wi-Fi
- VPN App
- Mobile Security App



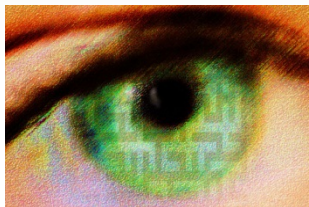
iPhone Settings Demo (iOS 11.4.1)

- Display & Brightness / Auto-Lock
- Touch ID & Passcode / Change Passcode / Passcode Options
- Touch ID & Passcode / Require Passcode
- Touch ID & Passcode / USB Accessories
- Touch ID & Passcode / Erase Data after Failed Passcode Attempts
- Accounts & Passwords / iCloud / Find My iPhone
- Accounts & Passwords / iCloud / iCloud Backup
- Accounts & Passwords / iCloud / Photos, Mail, Contacts, etc.
- Privacy / Location Services
- Privacy / Location Services / Share My Location
- Wallet & Apple Pay / Apple Pay Cash
- Bluetooth
- Wi-Fi
- VPN App (NordVPN)
- Mobile Security App (Trend Micro)



Advice for Mobile Device Users

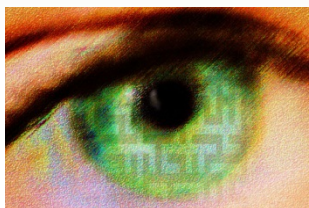
- Be cognizant of what apps you install on your phone
 - Only Apple App Store, Google Play, Amazon App Store
 - Which app permissions you accept
- Turn off Wi-Fi and Bluetooth when traveling to protect against device automatically connecting to unsafe networks
- Consider mobile security software to protect against virus, spyware, malware exploits like ransomware and drive-by download attacks:
 - Trend Micro
 - Lookout
 - Malwarebytes
 - FortiClient



Google play

Mobile Device Spyware?

- What is Spyware? What does it do?
- Telltale signs your phone may be infected with Spyware
 - Someone mysteriously knows your schedule, whereabouts?
 - Someone asked to borrow your phone?
 - Phone battery drain or warm?
 - Trouble powering phone off?
 - Flashing or unusual lights on phone?
 - Mysterious, new icon on phone's screen?
 - Significant new data charges on phone bill?
- How can users guard against Spyware?
 - Don't ever give up possession of your phone
 - Always protect your phone with complex passcode or PIN
 - Turn off Bluetooth when not in use
 - Turn off Wi-Fi
 - Turn off NFC



Mobile Device SpyWare?



Extraction Report

Samsung SM-G900P Galaxy S5

Infected Files (3)

#	File Info		Additional file info		Malware Information	Malware Type	Deleted
1	Name:	MobileTrackerEngineTwo.apk	Size (bytes):	23301	Android.Monitor.MobileTracker.B	Virus	Intact
	Path:	system (ExtX)/Root/app/MobileTrackerEngineTwo/MobileTrackerEngineTwo.apk	Created:	4/9/2015 7:05:50 AM(UTC-5)			
			Modified:	8/1/2008 7:00:00 AM(UTC-5)			
			Accessed:	8/1/2008 7:00:00 AM(UTC-5)			
	SHA256:		Source file	system (ExtX)/Root/app/MobileTrackerEngineTwo/MobileTrackerEngineTwo.apk : 0 / 0x0 (Size: 23301 bytes)			
2	Name:	base.apk	Size (bytes):	22607544	Android.Riskware.Agent.gXALP	App	Intact
	Path:	userdata (ExtX)/Root/app/com.fgol.HungrySharkEvolution-1/base.apk	Created:	7/1/2015 7:30:16 PM(UTC-5)			
			Modified:	7/1/2015 7:32:46 PM(UTC-5)			
			Accessed:	7/1/2015 7:30:16 PM(UTC-5)			
	SHA256:		Source file	userdata (ExtX)/Root/app/com.fgol.HungrySharkEvolution-1/base.apk : 0 / 0x0 (Size: 22607544 bytes)			

Mobile Device SpyWare?

UFED Physical Analyzer

File View Tools Extract Python Plug-ins Report Help

- ✓ 00000000 (4 files, 12,307 KB)
- > GoogleCalendarSyncAdapter (4 files, 2,092 KB)
- > GoogleContactsSyncAdapter (4 files, 464 KB)
- > GoogleTTS (9 files, 16,273 KB)
- > Hangouts (5 files, 25,060 KB)
- > Headlines (4 files, 3,204 KB)
- > HiddenMenu (2 files, 529 KB)
- > InputEventApp (2 files, 119 KB)
- > InteractiveTutorial (4 files, 6,978 KB)
- > IPsecService (4 files, 370 KB)
- > KeyChain (4 files, 48 KB)
- > KnoxAttestationAgent (4 files, 27 KB)
- > KnoxSetupWizardClient (4 files, 3,588 KB)
- > LegacyInCallUI (4 files, 7,766 KB)
- > LocalFOTA (3 files, 121 KB)
- > Maps (7 files, 20,997 KB)
- > mcRegistry (2 files, 19 KB)
- > MDMAApp (4 files, 25 KB)
- > MediaConverter_Trim (3 files, 275 KB)
- > minimode-res (2 files, 25 KB)
- > MirrorLink (7 files, 4,407 KB)
- > MobilePrintSvc_Samsung (3 files, 3,007 KB)
- ✓ MobileTrackerEngineTwo (3 files, 49 KB)
 - ✓ arm (2 files, 27 KB)
 - MobileTrackerEngineTwo.odex.art.xz
 - MobileTrackerEngineTwo.odex.xz
 - > MobileTrackerEngineTwo.apk

Welcome x

Extraction Summary (1) x

MobileTrackerEngineTwo.apk x



MobileTrackerEngineTwo.apk

Hex View

File Info

Find:

General

Inode Number	0xB54
Owner GID	0x0
Owner UID	0x0
File size	23301 Bytes
Chunks	1

Offsets

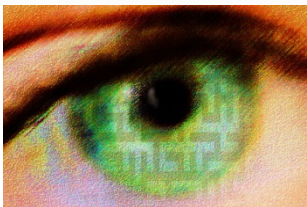
Data offset	0xd17168000
-------------	-------------

Date & Time

Creation time	4/9/2015 12:05:50 PM(UTC+0)
Modify time	8/1/2008 12:00:00 PM(UTC+0)
Last access time	8/1/2008 12:00:00 PM(UTC+0)

Categories of Cyber Attacks

- Clickjacking – tricks a user into performing unsafe actions by clicking on a concealed link or attachment
- Phishing – social engineering tricks designed make user divulge personal information
- Spear Phishing – highly effective trick because it's targeted, personal, persuasive, and disguised to look safe
- SMiShing – mobile attacks using text messages
- QRishing – attacks using Quick Response (QR) codes
- Trojan or Malicious apps
- Worms – self-replicating exploits
- Man-in-the-Middle Attacks



Anatomy of Mobile Attack



POINT 01 THE DEVICE

BROWSER 1

Phishing
Framing
Clickjacking

Man-in-the-Mobile
Buffer Overflow
Data caching

PHONE / SMS 2

Baseband attacks
SMishing

APPS 3

Sensitive data storage
No Encryption/Weak Encryption
Improper SSL validation
Config manipulation
Dynamic runtime injection
Unintended permissions
Escalated privileges
Access to device & user info

MALWARE 4



SYSTEM

No Passcode/Weak Passcode
iOS Jailbreaking
Android Rooting
OS data caching
Passwords & data accessible
Carrier-loaded software
No Encryption/Weak Encryption
User-initiated code
Zero-day exploits



POINT 02 THE NETWORK



THE NETWORK

Wi-Fi (no encryption/weak encryption)
Rogue Access Point
Packet Sniffing
Man-in-the-Middle (MITM)
Session Hijacking
DNS Poisoning
SSLStrip
Fake SSL Certificate



POINT 03 THE DATA CENTER



WEB SERVER

Platform vulnerabilities
Server misconfiguration
Cross-site scripting (XSS)
Cross-site request forgery (CSRF)
Weak input validation
Brute force attacks



DATABASE

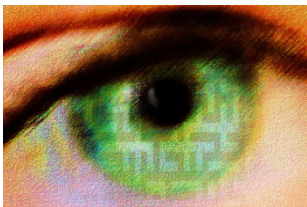
SQL Injection
Privilege escalation
Data dumping
OS command execution

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Evolution of Mobile Attacks

- Mobile platforms have been compromised repeatedly
- Quantity and value of information stored and transacted on mobile devices is rapidly increasing
- Attacks follow the money
- Experts anticipate growth in both broad (phishing) and targeted (spear phishing) attacks on mobile
- Reality Check
 - It's about the DATA
 - Mobile data is handled by apps
 - Ergo, it's about the APPS
 - **App Security is Mobile Security**



App User Security Stats

Apps Installed on Average Mobile Device: 320

Permissions Requested by Android Apps: 20 (average)

Apps Send Data to Ad Networks: 50%

Devices Don't Have a Passcode: 43%

Android Devices Have USB Debugging Mode Enabled: 18%

Android Devices Allow Installation of Unverified Apps: 43%

Devices are Rooted: 9%

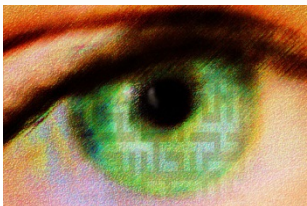
Unique IP Addresses Connected to Everyday: 160

Wi-Fi Access Points Connected to Everyday: 2 (average)

Mobile Devices Connect to Unsecured Wi-Fi Each Month: HALF

Analysis from 140M mobile security data points
uploaded daily from 180 countries

2016 Mobile Security Report



Mobile App Security

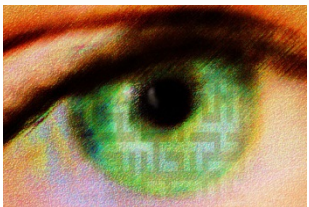
NowSecure Tested 400K Mobile Apps:

24.7% of Android Apps Have One or More High Risk Security or Privacy Flaws

10.8% of All Apps Leak Sensitive Data over Network

12.3% leak IMEIs (International Mobile Equipment Identity)

5% leak MAC Addresses (Ethernet and Wi-Fi)



2016 Mobile Security Report



Mobile App Security

NowSecure Tested 400K Mobile Apps:

App Categories Having at Least One High Risk Vulnerability

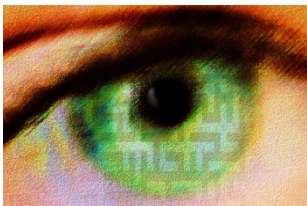
- Business: 27.6%
- Social: 30.5% (4.7% More Likely to Leak E-mail Address)

Financial App Insecurities

- 16.9% Have at Least One High Risk Vulnerability
- 4.2% Leak Sensitive Data

Game App Insecurities

- 32.8% Leak Sensitive Data



2016 Mobile Security Report

Secure Text Messaging Apps

- Signal (Open Whisper Systems)
 - No-charge, open source app that employs end-to-end encryption
 - Send encrypted group, text, picture, and video messages
 - Encrypted phone conversations between Signal users
 - All you need to use Signal is your phone number
 - Supports iPhone and Android
 - Minimal user data retained
 - Electronic Frontier Foundation Score: 7 out of 7
 - Wired articles in 2016 and 2017

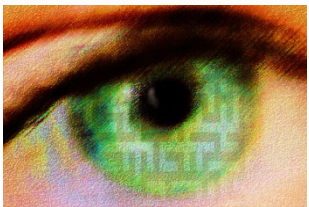
Attachment A

<u>Account</u>	<u>Information</u>
██████████	N/A
██████████	Last connection date: ██████████ Unix millis Account created: ██████████ Unix millis



Secure Text Messaging Apps

- WhatsApp (Facebook)
 - Provides end-to-end encrypted messaging on iPhone & Android
 - Uses Facebook privacy policy and data sharing giving Facebook access to WhatsApp phone numbers and usage data
 - Unencrypted backups and no key change notification by default
- Allo (Google)
 - Uses “Signal Protocol” to provide end-to-end encrypted messaging in “incognito” mode
 - Uses a darker background, but is not the default mode



Advanced Security Solutions

- Password Management

- Generate safe passwords, auto login, safely share passwords
- Scorecards to reduce password reuse and easily change
- Cross platform support for Windows, Mac OS X, iOS, Android
- Products like Dashlane, LastPass, RoboForm, eWallet, and Apple's iCloud Keychain



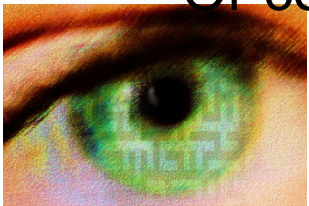
- Two-Factor Authentication (2FA)

- Second, time-based token for access to web accounts & apps
- Google, iCloud, Amazon, Banks, Credit Cards, Investing, etc.
- Obtain 2FA token from mobile apps

- Google Authenticator App
- Twilio Authy App



- Or conveniently tap your own USB security key



Advanced Security Solutions

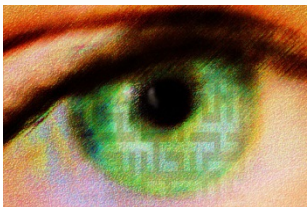
- Virtual Private Networks (VPN)
 - Service provides access to secure, encrypted network
 - Solves unsecured Wi-Fi Access Point connection problem
 - Avoid free offerings and choose service carefully
 - Consider log retention policy, performance, ease of installation
 - NordVPN protects six connected devices anywhere



- Mobile Device Management (MDM)



- Central management and control of mobile devices
- Small firms may like Google Apps or Microsoft Exchange ActiveSync for limited, low-cost capabilities
- Big Law may invest in industrial strength offerings like JAMF, AirWatch, MobileIron, Good Technology



Smartphone Security Checker



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FCC Smartphone Security Checker

This tool is designed to help the many smartphone owners who aren't protected against mobile security threats. To use this tool, choose your mobile operating system below and then follow the 10 customized steps to secure your mobile device. [More about the Smartphone Security Checker.](#)

Select Your Mobile Operating System

- ☐ Android
- ☐ Apple iOS
- ☐ BlackBerry
- ☐ Windows Phone

[Generate Your Checker](#)

Also available, a [general smartphone security checklist \(PDF\)](#).

Visit the [HealthIT.gov Mobile Security Guide](#) for 10 steps you can take to protect and secure health information when using your mobile device.

Consumers using smartphones, tablets and other mobile devices as "mobile wallets" to pay for goods and services should check out the [FCC Consumer Guide on Mobile Wallet Services Protection](#) for tips on protecting devices, mobile wallet services and applications, and associated data from theft and cyber attacks.

Smartphone Security Checker



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Ten Steps to Smartphone Security for Android

Smartphones continue to grow in popularity and are now as powerful and functional as many computers. It is important to protect your smartphone just like you protect your computer as mobile cybersecurity threats are growing. Mobile security tips can help you reduce the risk of exposure to mobile security threats.



1. **Set PINs and passwords.** To prevent unauthorized access to your phone, set a password or Personal Identification Number (PIN) on your phone's home screen as a first line of defense in case your phone is lost or stolen. When possible, use a different password for each of your important log-ins (email, banking, personal sites, etc.). You should configure your phone to automatically lock after five minutes or less when your phone is idle, as well as use the SIM password capability available on most smartphones.
2. **Do not modify your smartphone's security settings.** Do not alter security settings for convenience. Tampering with your phone's factory settings, jailbreaking, or rooting your phone undermines the built-in security features offered by your wireless service and smartphone, while making it more susceptible to an attack.
3. **Backup and secure your data.** You should backup all of the data stored on your phone – such as your contacts, documents, and photos. These files can be stored on your computer, on a removal storage card, or in the cloud. This will allow you to conveniently restore the information to your phone should it be lost, stolen, or otherwise erased.
4. **Only install apps from trusted sources.** Before downloading an app, conduct research to ensure the app is legitimate. Checking the legitimacy of an app may include such thing as: checking reviews, confirming the legitimacy of the app store, and comparing the app sponsor's official website with the app store link to confirm consistency. Many apps from untrusted sources contain malware that once installed can steal information, install viruses, and cause harm to your phone's contents. There are also apps that warn you if any security risks exist on your phone.

Consult Check List for Tips

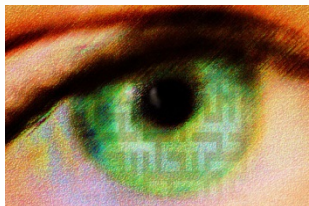
Mobile Device Cybersecurity: What Can You Do To Protect Your Smart Phone?

Check List

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www.carneyforensics.com

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- Q. Secure Mobile Messaging Apps
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- S. Other Resources



Questions & Answers

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“Digital Evidence is Everywhere”

Cell Phones / Smart Phones

Smart Tablets

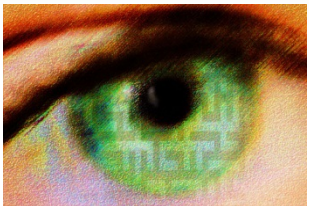
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